



Material Safety Data Sheet

Revision Date: 06-Nov-2015

Revision Number: 3

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name SUPER SPEC HP URETHANE ALKYD GLOSS ENAMEL PASTEL
Product Code BASE
Alternate Product Code KP221B
Product Class SOLVENT THINNED PAINT
Color All
Recommended use Paint

Manufacturer Benjamin Moore & Co.
101 Paragon Drive
Montvale, NJ 07645
Phone: 855-724-6802
www.benjaminmoore.com

Emergency Telephone Number(s)
CANUTEC: 613-996-6666

2. COMPOSITION INFORMATION ON COMPONENTS

Chemical Name	CAS-No	Weight % (max)
Soybean oil, polymer with pentaerythritol and phthalic anhydride	66070-60-8	15 - 40%
Hydrotreated heavy naphtha, petroleum	64742-48-9	10 - 30%
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	10 - 30%
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	3 - 7%
Sunflower oil	8001-21-6	1 - 5%
Stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	1 - 5%
Xylene	1330-20-7	1 - 5%
Linseed oil modified urethane	-	1 - 5%
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.25 - 0.5%
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	0.1 - 0.25%
Methyl ethyl ketoxime	96-29-7	0.1 - 0.25%
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	136-52-7	0.1 - 0.25%

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview

WARNING

Vapors may be irritating to eyes, nose, throat, and lungs. May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis. May cause

allergic skin reaction. Combustible material.

Rags, steel wool or waste soaked with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded.

Appearance liquid

Odor solvent

Potential Health Effects

Principal Routes of Exposure Eye contact, skin contact and inhalation.

Acute Effects

Eyes

Contact with eyes may cause irritation.

Skin

May cause skin irritation. May cause allergic skin reaction.

Inhalation

May cause irritation of respiratory tract.

Ingestion

Ingestion may cause irritation to mucous membranes.

Chronic Effects Avoid repeated exposure.

See Section 11 for additional Toxicological information.

Aggravated Medical Conditions None known.

HMIS - **Health:** 1* **Flammability:** 2 **Reactivity:** 0 **PPE:** -

HMIS Legend

0 - Minimal Hazard

1 - Slight Hazard

2 - Moderate Hazard

3 - Serious Hazard

4 - Severe Hazard

* - Chronic Hazard

X - Consult your supervisor or S.O.P. for "Special" handling instructions.

Note: The PPE rating has intentionally been left blank. Choose appropriate PPE that will protect employees from the hazards the material will present under the actual normal conditions of use.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer, has chosen to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used only in conjunction with a fully implemented HMIS® program by workers who have received appropriate HMIS® training. HMIS® is a registered trade and service mark of the NPCA. HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General Advice

If symptoms persist, call a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Eye Contact

Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Skin Contact

Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Move to fresh air. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Call a physician immediately.

Ingestion

Clean mouth with water and afterwards drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Consult a physician.

Notes To Physician Treat symptomatically.
Protection Of First-Aiders Use personal protective equipment.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media Foam, dry powder or water. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Protective Equipment And Precautions For Firefighters As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

Specific Hazards Arising From The Chemical Combustible material. Closed containers may rupture if exposed to fire or extreme heat. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

Sensitivity To Mechanical Impact No

Sensitivity To Static Discharge Yes

Flash Point Data

Flash Point (°F)	113
Flash Point (°C)	45
Flash Point Method	PMCC

Flammability Limits In Air

Upper Explosion Limit	Not available
Lower Explosion Limit	Not available

NFPA Health: 1 Flammability: 2 Instability: 0 Special: Not Applicable

NFPA Legend

0 - Not Hazardous
1 - Slightly
2 - Moderate
3 - High
4 - Severe

The ratings assigned are only suggested ratings, the contractor/employer has ultimate responsibilities for NFPA ratings where this system is used.

Additional information regarding the NFPA rating system is available from the National Fire Protection Agency (NFPA) at www.nfpa.org.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions Use personal protective equipment. Remove all sources of ignition.

Environmental Precautions Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods For Clean-Up Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.

Other Information None known

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Wear personal protective equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Storage Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Keep in properly labeled containers. Keep out of the reach of children.

DANGER - Rags, steel wool or waste soaked with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately after use, place rags, steel wool or waste in a sealed water-filled metal container.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limits

Component	ACGIH	Alberta	British Columbia	Ontario	Quebec
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7 (10 - 30%)	10 mg/m ³ - TWA	10 mg/m ³ - TWA	10 mg/m ³ - TWA 3 mg/m ³ - TWA	10 mg/m ³ - TWA	10 mg/m ³ - TWAEV
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light 64742-47-8 (3 - 7%)	N/E	N/E	200 mg/m ³ - TWA Skin absorption can contribute to overall exposure.	N/E	N/E
Stoddard solvent 8052-41-3 (1 - 5%)	100 ppm - TWA	100 ppm - TWA 572 mg/m ³ - TWA	290 mg/m ³ - TWA 580 mg/m ³ - STEL	525 mg/m ³ - TWAEV	100 ppm - TWAEV 525 mg/m ³ - TWAEV
Xylene 1330-20-7 (1 - 5%)	100 ppm - TWA 150 ppm - STEL	100 ppm - TWA 434 mg/m ³ - TWA 150 ppm - STEL 651 mg/m ³ - STEL	100 ppm - TWA 150 ppm - STEL	100 ppm - TWAEV 435 mg/m ³ - TWAEV 150 ppm - STEV 650 mg/m ³ - STEV	100 ppm - TWAEV 434 mg/m ³ - TWAEV 150 ppm - STEV 651 mg/m ³ - STEV
Ethyl benzene 100-41-4 (0.25 - 0.5%)	20 ppm - TWA	100 ppm - TWA 434 mg/m ³ - TWA 125 ppm - STEL 543 mg/m ³ - STEL	20 ppm - TWA	20 ppm - TWA	100 ppm - TWAEV 434 mg/m ³ - TWAEV 125 ppm - STEV 543 mg/m ³ - STEV

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
Alberta - Alberta Occupational Exposure Limits
British Columbia - British Columbia Occupational Exposure Limits
Ontario - Ontario Occupational Exposure Limits
Quebec - Quebec Occupational Exposure Limits
N/E - Not established

Engineering Measures Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/Face Protection

Safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin Protection

Long sleeved clothing. Protective gloves.

Respiratory Protection

In operations where exposure limits are exceeded, use a NIOSH approved respirator that has been selected by a technically qualified person for the specific work conditions. When spraying the product or applying in confined areas, wear a NIOSH approved respirator specified for paint spray or organic vapors.

Hygiene Measures

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash thoroughly after handling. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	liquid
Odor	solvent
Density (lbs/gal)	8.7 - 9.1
Specific Gravity	1.04 - 1.10
pH	Not available
Viscosity (centistokes)	Not available
Evaporation Rate	Not available
Vapor Pressure	Not available
Vapor Density	Not available
Wt. % Solids	55 - 65
Vol. % Solids	45 - 55
Wt. % Volatiles	35 - 45
Vol. % Volatiles	45 - 55
VOC Regulatory Limit (g/L)	< 400
Boiling Point (°F)	279
Boiling Point (°C)	137
Freezing Point (°F)	Not available
Freezing Point (°C)	Not available
Flash Point (°F)	113
Flash Point (°C)	45
Flash Point Method	PMCC
Upper Explosion Limit	Not available
Lower Explosion Limit	Not available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability

Stable under normal conditions. Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

Conditions To Avoid

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces, static

electricity and sources of ignition.

Incompatible Materials

Incompatible with strong acids and bases and strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

Possibility Of Hazardous Reactions

None under normal conditions of use.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity

Product Information

Repeated or prolonged exposure to organic solvents may lead to permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling vapors may be harmful or fatal.

Component

Hydrotreated heavy naphtha, petroleum

LD50 Oral: > 5,000 mg/kg (Rat) vendor data

LD50 Dermal: > 3,160 mg/kg (Rabbit)

Titanium dioxide

LD50 Oral: > 10000 mg/kg (Rat)

LD50 Dermal: > 10000 mg/m³ (Rabbit)

LC50 Inhalation (Dust): > 6.82 mg/L (Rat, 4 hr.)

Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light

LD50 Oral: > 5,000 mg/kg (Rat)

LD50 Dermal: > 3,000 mg/kg (Rabbit)

Stoddard solvent

LD50 Oral: > 5,000 mg/kg (Rat)

LD50 Dermal: > 3160 mg/kg (Rabbit)

LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): > 6.1 mg/L (Rat)

Xylene

LD50 Oral: 4300 mg/kg (Rat)

LD50 Dermal: > 1700 mg/kg (Rabbit)

LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): 5000 ppm (Rat, 4 hr.)

Ethyl benzene

LD50 Oral: 3500 mg/kg (Rat)

LD50 Dermal: > 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit)

LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): 55000 mg/m³ (Rat, 2 hr.)

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene

LD50 Oral: 5000 mg/kg (Rat)

LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): 18000 mg/m³ (Rat, 4 hr.)

Methyl ethyl ketoxime

LD50 Oral: 930 mg/kg (Rat)

LD50 Dermal: 200 µL/kg (Rabbit)

LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): > 4.8 mg/L (Rat)

Chronic Toxicity

Carcinogenicity

The information below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen:.

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA Carcinogen
Titanium dioxide		2B - Possible Human Carcinogen		Listed
Ethyl benzene	A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans	2B - Possible Human Carcinogen		Listed
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)		2B - Possible Human Carcinogen		

- Although IARC has classified titanium dioxide as possibly carcinogenic to humans (2B), their summary concludes: "No significant exposure to titanium dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which titanium dioxide is bound to other materials, such as paint."
- Cobalt and cobalt compounds are listed as possible human carcinogens by IARC (2B). However, there is inadequate evidence of the carcinogenicity of cobalt and cobalt compounds in humans.

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer
NTP - National Toxicity Program
OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Effects

Product Information

Acute Toxicity to Fish

No information available

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

No information available

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

No information available

Component

Acute Toxicity to Fish

Titanium dioxide

LC50: > 1000 mg/L (Fathead Minnow - 96 hr.)

Xylene

LC50: 13.5 mg/L (Rainbow Trout - 96 hr.)

Ethyl benzene

LC50: 12.1 mg/L (Fathead Minnow - 96 hr.)

Methyl ethyl ketoxime

LC50: 48 mg/L (Bluegill sunfish - 96 hr.)

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

Ethyl benzene

EC50: 1.8 mg/L (Daphnia magna - 48 hr.)

Methyl ethyl ketoxime

EC50: 750 mg/L (Daphnia magna - 48 hr.)

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

Ethyl benzene

EC50: 4.6 mg/L (Green algae (Scenedesmus subspicatus), 72 hrs.)

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method Dispose of in accordance with federal, state, provincial, and local regulations. Local requirements may vary, consult your sanitation department or state-designated environmental protection agency for more disposal options.

Empty Container Warning Emptied containers may retain product residue. Follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Residual vapors may explode on ignition.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

TDG

Proper Shipping Name	Paint
Hazard Class	3
UN-No	UN1263
Packing Group	III
Description	PAINT,3,UN1263,PG III

In Canada, Class 3 flammable liquids may be reclassified as non-regulated for domestic ground transportation if they meet the requirements of TDG General Exemption SOR/2008-34.

ICAO / IATA Contact the preparer for further information.

IMDG / IMO Contact the preparer for further information.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

TSCA: United States Yes - All components are listed or exempt.

DSL: Canada Yes - All components are listed or exempt.

National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI)

NPRI Parts 1- 4

This product contains the following Parts 1-4 NPRI chemicals:

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS-No</u>	<u>Weight % (max)</u>	<u>NPRI Parts 1- 4</u>
Xylene	1330-20-7	1 - 5%	Listed
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.25 - 0.5%	Listed
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	0.1 - 0.25%	Listed
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	136-52-7	0.1 - 0.25%	Listed

NPRI Part 5

This product contains the following NPRI Part 5 Chemicals:

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS-No</u>	<u>Weight % (max)</u>	<u>NPRI Part 5</u>
Hydrotreated heavy naphtha, petroleum	64742-48-9	10 - 30%	Listed
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	3 - 7%	Listed
Stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	1 - 5%	Listed
Xylene	1330-20-7	1 - 5%	Listed
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	0.1 - 0.25%	Listed

WHMIS Regulatory Status

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR

WHMIS Hazard Class

- B3 Combustible liquid
- B6 Reactive flammable material
- D2A Very toxic materials



16. OTHER INFORMATION

WARNING! If you scrape, sand, or remove old paint, you may release lead dust. LEAD IS TOXIC. EXPOSURE TO LEAD DUST CAN CAUSE SERIOUS ILLNESS, SUCH AS BRAIN DAMAGE, ESPECIALLY IN CHILDREN. PREGNANT WOMEN SHOULD ALSO AVOID EXPOSURE. Wear a NIOSH approved respirator to control lead exposure. Clean up carefully with a HEPA vacuum and a wet mop. Before you start, find out how to protect yourself and your family by logging onto Health Canada @ http://www.hc-sc.gc.ca/ewh-semt/contaminants/lead-plomb/asked_questions-questions_posees-eng.php.

Prepared By Product Stewardship Department
Benjamin Moore & Co.
101 Paragon Drive
Montvale, NJ 07645
855-724-6802

Revision Date: 06-Nov-2015
Revision Summary No information available

Disclaimer

The information contained herein is presented in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. This information is furnished without warranty of any kind. Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determination of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use of these materials and the safety and health of employees. Any use of this data and information must be determined by the user to be in accordance with applicable federal, provincial, and local laws and regulations.

KP221B
End of MSDS